

Index

A

agriculture 106, 150–151
ALL Species Foundation 10, 114–115, 117
AntWeb 92, 93
asexual species 166

B

bacterial communities 67–68
bacterial genome 63, 66
bacterial species 62–70; number of 66–67
binomial 159–160, 176, 182, 184–185, 187, 192–193;
 maintenance of 184, 185
biodiversity 119, 124–125, 130–132, 135–147, 149,
 15–155; biodiversity loss 125, 135; biodiversity
 crisis 115; biodiversity loss 87, 94, 112; biodiversi-
 ty metrics 50; biodiversity partitioning 32, 35;
 preserving biodiversity 130–131, 153
biogeographic provinces 35
biogeographic units 98, 102–103, 108
biogeography 22–23, 68, 98, 104, 106, 111–113
biological hotspots 87
biological species definition 62–63, 65
biomes 32, 36–41, 44, 101; Seasonally Dry Biome
 37–39; tropical moist forests 151; Wetland Biome
 37–40, 42; xeric biome 39
Brazil 154

C

Cambodia 98, 101, 110, 112
Cambrian 16, 24–31; Cambrian radiation 24, 26–29
Carboniferous 32–39, 42, 44–49
 plant biogeographic provinces 35
categories 161, 163, 166, 183, 185, 197, 202, 206,
 208–212; see also species, taxonomic categories
China 15, 25–26, 38, 98, 101–103, 107–108,
 110–112, 138, 150, 152, 154
cladistic (Hennigian) species concept 202
classification(s) (see also Linnaean system, Linnaean
 taxonomy, rank-free classification) 159–168, 170,
 174, 179–180, 185–188, 224; biological classifica-
 tion 162, 164, 223
classification systems 160, 167
scientific classification 162
climatic fluctuations 54, 56
Code(s) (of nomenclature) 160, 173–175, 178, 182,
 184, 186, 193, 216, 222, 225–231; International
 Code of Botanical Nomenclature (ICBN) 216,

 226; International Code of Nomenclature of
 Bacteria 226, 228; International Code of
 Zoological Nomenclature (ICZN) 160, 196, 216,
 226–227; Strickland Code 184, 216, 224

codon bias 64
common ancestor 159, 167
community structure 50, 56–57, 70
competition 12, 16–21, 41, 43
concept of genus and species 183; see also under
 species
conservation planning 87–88, 94, 97
consumption 131, 150–151, 153–154
cultural microevolution 142

D

Darwin 159, 162–164, 168, 200, 202, 210–211, 216,
 224
data management 87, 89, 91
database(s) 93, 116, 130, 132, 136–141, 176, 192,
 210, 227–230; biodiversity database 130, 132,
 136–137, 140; specimen databases 93; taxonomic
 databases 93, 192
diagnosability 196–199, 207, 209
digital imaging technology 92–93
diversity 5, 6, 12–21, 25–27, 32, 34, 37, 40, 42, 50,
 67–68, 72–73, 75–77, 79, 81, 83, 86–89, 95,
 98–99, 101, 104, 106–109, 112; biological 13,
 98–99; dominance-diversity patterns 32, 40; pat-
 terns of 13–14, 109; theory of 12–13, 15, 16, 17,
 19, 21, 23
DNA 62–63, 65–69, 71; DNA bar-coding 179; DNA
 sequencing 174, 179; transfer of DNA 63

E

ecomorphic replacement 42
ecosystems 14–15, 17, 32–34, 36, 42–43, 50, 88, 106,
 111; ecosystem architecture 42; ecosystem servic-
 es 135, 138–139, 150; Late Paleozoic Ecosystems
 42
Endangered Species Act 153
endemism 87, 99–101, 104, 107–109, 111; rates of
 endemism 107–108
environmental degradation 106
Equatorial Province 35–37
E-Type and E-Description Initiative 117
evolutionarily significant units (ESUs) 207, 214
exotic species 87, 119, 121–124, 126, 128

extinction(s) 13, 20, 21, 27, 42, 55, 87, 115, 119–126, 131–132, 135, 137–138, 149–153, 155, 167, 198; extinction crisis 131, 137, 147; extinction rates 119, 120, 121, 138; extinction-promoting traits 125; mass extinctions 119, 127; rate of species extinctions 135, 151, 153

F

fossil taxa 185, 192
fragmentary nature of fossils 190

G

gene trees 65, 204, 215
geographic barriers 120
geographic differentiation 133
Germany 154
Global Biodiversity Information Facility 179
global cooling 101
global sustainability 130, 153–154
global warming 152–153
groups: monophyletic 187, 192, 196, 198, 200, 202–207, 211; paraphyletic 162, 172, 179, 187, 203–204; polyphyletic 187, 204

H

habitat deterioration 87
habitat uniformity 120, 121
haplotypes, mtDNA 207
hierarchy of ranks 183; see also Linnean system
hierarchy of taxonomic categories 208–211; see also taxonomic rank
homogenization 119–126, 129
housekeeping genes 63–65
Hox complex 28, 30
humans influenced species richness 56
hunting 106, 123, 151

I

identification keys 92, 114, 117
India 150, 152, 154
India-Eurasia collision 101
individuality 159, 162, 164–165, 167, 216, 218, 231; see also species concepts
Indochina 99, 102–104, 106–107, 109–110, 112
Indo-Malaya 101
Indo-Malayan realm 101–102, 107–108, 111
infectious diseases 68
information science 159, 170–171, 173, 175, 177, 179, 181

invasive alien species 152
island biogeography 151
isolation 13, 17–20, 71

J

Jaccard's similarity index 122

L

landscape partitioning 33
Laos 98–99, 101, 104, 107, 11–113
lateral gene transfer 62–65, 70
latitude 14–16, 26, 37, 51, 72, 101, 107; floristic zonation 37; latitudinal gradient 13; Northern High Latitudes 35, 37; Southern High Latitudes 35, 37
legal documents 225, 227, 229
lineages 159, 164, 190, 196, 199–209, 211, 220; concept of a lineage 200; General Lineage Concept 201–202, 205, 213; lineage divergence 203–204; population-level lineages 201, 202, 203
Linnaean nomenclature system 136; Linnaean hierarchy 136; Linnaean ranks 217; Linnaean system 136–137, 174, 180, 183, 184, 187; Linnaean taxonomy 174, 179, 182, 184
Linnaeus 159, 162, 182, 183, 184, 185, 187, 188, 189, 191, 193, 210, 216, 217, 222, 229
logging 106
loss of global biodiversity 119

M

Madagascar 10, 86–95, 97; fragmented habitats 88; predicted species distribution 94–95; species richness map 95
Malaysia 101, 104, 112
mammal communities 50, 53, 55–58
Mediterranean region 150
megafauna 56
metazoan radiation 24–25, 27, 29, 31
Mexico 141, 150, 154
Miocene 101
mobility 21
models of speciation 200, 201, 214
Modern or Evolutionary Synthesis 211
molecular evolution 140
molecular systematics 140, 147
monophyly 196–199, 203, 205, 207, 209; see also groups
multi-taxon surveys 10, 98, 106

N

natural capital 130, 135
 natural kinds 161–162, 164–165, 218, 221, 223; see also species concepts
 Neoproterozoic 24–27, 31; Neoproterozoic–Cambrian 24–25
 New Pangea 119–121, 123, 125, 129
nomen nudum 184
 nomenclatural stability 217, 220
 nomenclature 159–161, 165, 171, 174, 179, 182, 184, 186–187, 193, 216–222, 225–231; biological nomenclature 216–217, 221–222; phylogenetic nomenclature 216–219, 221–222, 224; taxon names 168, 216, 218–219, 221, 224
 nucleotide sequences 140

P

Paleartic 98, 101
 Paleozoic (Era) 32, 33, 35, 37, 39, 41–43, 49, 120, 127
 Pangea 119–121, 123, 125–126, 129
 paraphyletic taxa 136
 pathogens 139
 patterns of biodiversity distribution 98
 Pax-6 28
 Permian 27, 32, 34–37, 39, 42, 49
 Permo-Carboniferous 32, 35
 phenetic relationships 136, 140
 philosophy of systematics 159, 161, 167
 PhyloCode 159, 164, 179, 187, 217–218, 221–222, 228
 phylogenetic definition of species 65; phylogenetic inference 217–218; phylogenetic reality 219; phylogenetic relationships 175, 196, 212, 219; phylogenetic system of reference 221
 phylogeny 171, 177, 185–186, 216–218, 221, 223
 phylogeographic pattern 207
 plant-herbivore coevolution 140
 Pleistocene 50–51, 53–56, 60, 113; glacial-interglacial cycles 56
 plesiomorphic taxa 185
 pollination 139
 population differentiation 130, 132, 134–135, 141–143
 population growth 131, 150–151
 Porcupine Cave 50–57, 59
 primary productivity 14–15
 Principle of Priority 225, 227, 229
 protostome-deuterostome ancestor 27, 29
 Provincialization 41, 44

public health 139, 141

R

rank-free system (see also PhyloCode) 179, 217, 221
 ranks 159–161, 163–164, 168, 179, 182–187, 193, 196, 206, 208–212, 217, 220–221, 223, 229; intermediate ranks 186; rank-free classifications 187
 rates of origination and extinctions 192
 refugia 104, 111
 registration of names 230
 registration system 225, 230
 reproductive isolation 196–199, 208

S

seasonal climate fluctuations 101
 Silurian 32
 Sixth Mass Extinction 120; see also extinction(s)
 small herbivore richness 54
 Snowball Earth hypothesis 26, 31
 Southern High Latitude Province 37
 spatial diversity 119
 specialization 12, 16, 19, 72
 speciation 18, 20, 21, 104, 111
 species: biological species 165, 184, 190, 197, 198, 199, 202, 203, 206, 208, 215; chronospecies 190, 193; cryptic species 166, 168, 213; ecological species concept 197, 203; evolutionary species 190, 193, 209, 215; paleontological species 190; phylogenetic species 190, 193, 197, 198, 200, 202, 203, 206, 207, 214; reproductive barriers 199, 205, 209, 210; sister species 208, 209; species boundaries 190, 192, 197; species fusion 207, 208; species longevity 190; species problem 197, 199, 203, 204, 205, 206, 210, 211, 212, 223; species recognition 190; stratigraphic species 190; species assemblages 40, 43, 90; species category 159, 166, 167, 196, 197, 204, 205, 206, 208, 209, 210, 211, 213; species descriptions 170, 226, 231; species discovery 116; species diversity 12, 15, 21, 34, 68, 73, 83, 95, 98, 104, 109; species problem 133, 147; species richness 12, 21, 50, 51, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 61, 76, 82, 87, 88, 89, 94, 95, 98, 99, 101, 104, 119, 122, 146; species turnover 119; species-area curve 123; see also asexual species, individuality, natural kinds
 species concepts 159, 161, 162, 163, 165–168, 173, 176, 188, 190, 196–212, 214–215; definition and “nature” of species 132; What is a species? 130, 133, 134, 142; see also species (biological, chronospecies, cryptic, ecological, evolutionary,

- paleontological, phylogenetic, stratigraphic species concepts)
 subspecies 123, 135, 137, 148
 Sunda Continental Shelf 101
 Sunda Islands 101
 Sweden 154
 Switzerland 154
 systematics 159, 161, 167–168, 170–171, 174, 176, 179, 196, 198, 211, 224
 systematics (see also molecular systematics) 130–133, 135–142, 147; graduate training in systematics 142
- T**
- taphonomic processes 52
 taxonomic categories 166, 208–211
 taxonomic classifications 140
 taxonomic groups 159, 164, 184, 198, 199, 210
 taxonomic information 160, 175, 192, 226; accessible 175, 225, 229; dissemination of 160; goal of 161
 taxonomic knowledge 225
 taxonomic papers 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230
 taxonomic products 92, 93, 94, 118
 taxonomic rank 196, 208–209, 211–212, 217
 taxonomy 4–6, 52, 69, 75, 86–89, 91–93, 95, 114, 116–118, 130, 139–140, 157, 159–165, 167, 168, 170–180, 182, 184, 187–188, 192–193, 196–197, 210–212, 216, 225–231; distributed taxonomy 170, 175; future of taxonomy 159–160, 168, 180, 188, 196–197, 211–212, 222; practice of taxonomy 92, 114, 116, 118; support for taxonomy 171; taxonomy web sites 170, 177; unitary taxonomy 170, 175–180
 temperature 12, 14–18, 21, 39, 41, 43, 66, 101
 terminal taxa 217, 220
terra firma 34, 36, 40, 42, 74, 76, 82–83
 terrestrial arthropods 72, 83, 87
 Tertiary 101
 Tibetan Plateau 101, 112
 Tree of Life 136–139, 177
 turnover 42–43, 56, 72–74, 76, 82–83, 87–88, 90
 type specimens (types) 10, 12, 15–17, 34, 37, 40, 64, 67, 73, 92–93, 108, 114, 116–117, 173, 176, 184, 192–193
- U**
- U.S. Endangered Species Act 207
 unified concept of species 196–197, 205, 209, 211
 secondary properties 196, 203, 205
 United States 121–123, 125–126, 152–154
 urbanization 121, 128
- V**
- Vietnam 10, 98–113
- W**
- web sites 170, 177, 192; web-based taxonomy 192–193; validating web-based taxonomy 193