

Peckham, G. W. & E. G. Peckham. 1885. On some new genera and species of the Attidae. Proc. nat. Hist. Soc. Wiscons. 1885: 39-40.

BAVIA ALBO-LINEATA sp. nov.

♂. Total length, 7.4 mm. Width of abdomen, 2 mm.

Length of cephalothorax, 3.2 mm.

Width " " 2.7 "

Height " " 2.1 "

Legs.	Fem.	Pat.	Tib.	Metat.	Tar.	Total.
1.	1.8	1.5	2.	.9	.8	7.
2.	1.8	1.3	1.5	1.	.6	6.2
3.	2.2	1.3	1.2	1.	.9	6.6
4.	1.9	.9	1.4	1.2	.9	6.3

The *cephalothorax* is high; the cephalic part is  $\frac{1}{6}$  shorter than the thoracic; it is plane and much inclined, with vertical sides, and is not limited by a depression. The thoracic part is convex, and slopes backward from the dorsal eyes; its sides are rounded. The cephalic part is brown, glabrous, with a central spot of white hairs; the eyes are situated on black spots. The thoracic part is darker brown, pubescent, also with a central white spot. A band of white hairs, on each side, passes from the anterior lateral eye to the posterior margin; below these bands the sides are dark brown.

The quadrangle of the *eyes* is wider than long, and equally wide in front and behind. The anterior row is straight; the lateral are placed a little further back than the middle eyes, and are  $\frac{1}{2}$  as large; they are very slightly separated from the middle eyes, which are touching. This row is visible when looked at from above. The eyes of the second row are half way between the dorsal and lateral eyes. The dorsal eyes are as large as the lateral, are placed on the margin of the cephalothorax, and are equally distant from each other and from the lateral borders. There is no frons.

The height of the *clypeus* is equal to  $\frac{1}{6}$  the diameter of the large middle eyes; in direction, it is vertical.

The *falces* are stout, long, inclined forward, diverging; the fang, which has a slight bend in the middle, is nearly as long as the falx.

The *macillæ* are narrow at base, wider and rounded at the extremity, nearly parallel. Color, light brown.

The *labium* is nearly  $\frac{1}{2}$  as long as *maxillæ*, as wide as long, gently rounded at extremity. Color, brown.

The *sternum* is wide, oval, truncated in front, nearly as wide as long. Its color is light brown. The anterior *coxæ* are separated by the width of the *labium*.

The relative length of the *legs* is 1, 3,  $\overline{4}$ ,  $\overline{2}$ ; the first pair is the most robust. In color, the legs are light brown. There are spines on the four pairs, those on the *metatarsi* of the fourth extending to the base.

The *abdomen* is dark grey, with a few long white hairs and three white bands extending throughout its length, one central, and one on each side, these latter placed just high enough to be visible from above.

The *venter* is dark grey.

Habitat. Madagascar.

We have put this species into the genus *Bavia* with some hesitation, as it differs from it in several points. It might, perhaps, go as well into *Mævia* as *Bavia*.

