Peckham, G. W. & W. H. 1889. Wheeler. Spiders of the subfamily Lyssomanae. Trans. Wiscons. Acad. Sci. Arts Let. 7: 244.

Goleba punctata (Peckham & Wheeler, 1889)

ASAMONEA PUNCTATA N. SP.

Plate 12, figure 20.

 ${\mathfrak p}$. Length of cephalothorax 2.8 mm; of abdomen 5 mm.

Legs 8.7, 9, 9.5, 10.5.

We have also an immature 3 of this species.

Cephalic part a little more than one-half as long as thoracic. Quadrangle of eyes more than twice as wide as long. Eyes of first row three times as large as those of second row. Clypeus fully one-half as high as anterior eyes. Falces weak, vertical, parallel, as long as face; fang weak. Maxillæ rounded, a little enlarged at their extremities. Labium rounded, a wider than long, as wide as long; less than one-half as long as maxillæ. Legs 4, 3, 2, 1; femur of the first shorter than femur of the second. Spines unusually long and stout.

Coloration (under alcohol): ?. Pale yellow, with an indistinct dark median line on the thoracic part of the cephalothorax, and three equi-distant pairs of dark brown dots on the abdomen arranged in two lines of three dots each, the posterior pair of dots being only a little behind the middle of the abdomen. The tips of the legs are black, but the spines are light colored. When the spider is dried a small tuft of black hairs becomes visible at the anterior end of the abdomen. 3. Upper surface of cephalothorax light brown, excepting on eye-region and anterior thoracic part, where it is pale yellow; on each side of the posterior thoracic part are two dark brown dots. Abdomen with four pairs of dark brown dots at equal distances between the two ends, the first three pairs converging toward the posterior end, the two dots of the fourth pair being placed further apart than any of the others. Probably a fourth pair of dots has been effaced from the abdomen of our female specimen.

Habitat: Madagascar.

punctata